POWERPLANT CONTROLS AND ACCESSORIES

§ 23.1141 Powerplant controls: General.

- (a) Powerplant controls must be located and arranged under §23.777 and marked under §23.1555(a).
- (b) Each flexible control must be shown to be suitable for the particular application.
- (c) Each control must be able to maintain any necessary position without—
- (1) Constant attention by flight crew members: or
- (2) Tendency to creep due to control loads or vibration.
- (d) Each control must be able to withstand operating loads without failure or excessive deflection.
- (e) For turbine engine powered airplanes, no single failure or malfunction, or probable combination thereof, in any powerplant control system may cause the failure of any powerplant function necessary for safety.
- (f) The portion of each powerplant control located in the engine compartment that is required to be operated in the event of fire must be at least fire resistant.
- (g) Powerplant valve controls located in the cockpit must have—
- (1) For manual valves, positive stops or in the case of fuel valves suitable index provisions, in the open and closed position; and
- (2) For power-assisted valves, a means to indicate to the flight crew when the valve—
- (i) Is in the fully open or fully closed position; or
- (ii) Is moving between the fully open and fully closed position.

[Doc. No. 4080, 29 FR 17955, Dec. 18, 1964, as amended by Amdt. 23–7, 34 FR 13095, Aug. 13, 1969; Amdt. 23–14, 38 FR 31823, Nov. 19, 1973; Amdt. 23–18, 42 FR 15042, Mar. 17, 1977; Amdt. 23–51, 61 FR 5137, Feb. 9, 19961

§ 23.1142 Auxiliary power unit controls.

Means must be provided on the flight deck for the starting, stopping, monitoring, and emergency shutdown of each installed auxiliary power unit.

[Doc. No. 26344, 58 FR 18974, Apr. 9, 1993]

§23.1143 Engine controls.

- (a) There must be a separate power or thrust control for each engine and a separate control for each supercharger that requires a control.
- (b) Power, thrust, and supercharger controls must be arranged to allow—
- (1) Separate control of each engine and each supercharger; and
- (2) Simultaneous control of all engines and all superchargers.
- (c) Each power, thrust, or supercharger control must give a positive and immediate responsive means of controlling its engine or supercharger.
- (d) The power, thrust, or supercharger controls for each engine or supercharger must be independent of those for every other engine or supercharger.
- (e) For each fluid injection (other than fuel) system and its controls not provided and approved as part of the engine, the applicant must show that the flow of the injection fluid is adequately controlled.
- (f) If a power, thrust, or a fuel control (other than a mixture control) incorporates a fuel shutoff feature, the control must have a means to prevent the inadvertent movement of the control into the off position. The means must—
- (1) Have a positive lock or stop at the idle position; and
- (2) Require a separate and distinct operation to place the control in the shutoff position.
- (g) For reciprocating single-engine airplanes, each power or thrust control must be designed so that if the control separates at the engine fuel metering device, the airplane is capable of continued safe flight and landing.

[Amdt. 23–7, 34 FR 13095, Aug. 13, 1969, as amended by Amdt. 23–17, 41 FR 55465, Dec. 20, 1976; Amdt. 23–29, 49 FR 6847, Feb. 23, 1984; Amdt. 23–43, 58 FR 18974, Apr. 9, 1993; Amdt. 23–51, 61 FR 5137, Feb. 9, 1996]

§23.1145 Ignition switches.

- (a) Ignition switches must control and shut off each ignition circuit on each engine.
- (b) There must be means to quickly shut off all ignition on multiengine airplanes by the grouping of switches or by a master ignition control.

§ 23.1147

(c) Each group of ignition switches, except ignition switches for turbine engines for which continuous ignition is not required, and each master ignition control must have a means to prevent its inadvertent operation.

[Doc. No. 4080, 29 FR 17955, Dec. 18, 1964; 30 FR 258, Jan. 9, 1965, as amended by Amdt. 23–18, 42 FR 15042, Mar. 17, 1977; Amdt. 23–43, 58 FR 18974, Apr. 9, 1993]

§23.1147 Mixture controls.

- (a) If there are mixture controls, each engine must have a separate control, and each mixture control must have guards or must be shaped or arranged to prevent confusion by feel with other controls.
- (1) The controls must be grouped and arranged to allow—
- (i) Separate control of each engine; and
- (ii) Simultaneous control of all engines.
- (2) The controls must require a separate and distinct operation to move the control toward lean or shut-off position.
- (b) For reciprocating single-engine airplanes, each manual engine mixture control must be designed so that, if the control separates at the engine fuel metering device, the airplane is capable of continued safe flight and landing.

[Doc. No. 4080, 29 FR 17955, Dec. 18, 1964, as amended by Amdt. 23–7, 34 FR 13096, Aug. 13, 1969; Amdt. 23–33, 51 FR 26657, July 24, 1986; Amdt. 23–43, 58 FR 18974, Apr. 9, 1993]

§ 23.1149 Propeller speed and pitch controls.

- (a) If there are propeller speed or pitch controls, they must be grouped and arranged to allow—
- (1) Separate control of each propeller; and
- (2) Simultaneous control of all propellers.
- (b) The controls must allow ready synchronization of all propellers on multiengine airplanes.

§23.1153 Propeller feathering controls.

If there are propeller feathering controls installed, it must be possible to feather each propeller separately. Each

control must have a means to prevent inadvertent operation.

[Doc. No. 27804, 61 FR 5138, Feb. 9, 1996]

§ 23.1155 Turbine engine reverse thrust and propeller pitch settings below the flight regime.

For turbine engine installations, each control for reverse thrust and for propeller pitch settings below the flight regime must have means to prevent its inadvertent operation. The means must have a positive lock or stop at the flight idle position and must require a separate and distinct operation by the crew to displace the control from the flight regime (forward thrust regime for turbojet powered airplanes).

[Amdt. 23-7, 34 FR 13096, Aug. 13, 1969]

§ 23.1157 Carburetor air temperature controls.

There must be a separate carburetor air temperature control for each en-

§23.1163 Powerplant accessories.

- (a) Each engine mounted accessory must-
- (1) Be approved for mounting on the engine involved and use the provisions on the engines for mounting; or
- (2) Have torque limiting means on all accessory drives in order to prevent the torque limits established for those drives from being exceeded; and
- (3) In addition to paragraphs (a)(1) or (a)(2) of this section, be sealed to prevent contamination of the engine oil system and the accessory system.
- (b) Electrical equipment subject to arcing or sparking must be installed to minimize the probability of contact with any flammable fluids or vapors that might be present in a free state.
- (c) Each generator rated at or more than 6 kilowatts must be designed and installed to minimize the probability of a fire hazard in the event it malfunctions.
- (d) If the continued rotation of any accessory remotely driven by the engine is hazardous when malfunctioning occurs, a means to prevent rotation without interfering with the continued operation of the engine must be provided.